



BAL SATSANG EXAMS
Bal Pravrutti Central Office



ANS. PAPER

BAPS Swaminarayan Sanstha, Shahibaug, Ahmedabad-380004, INDIA

BAL SATSANG - 1 : FINAL PAPER

Sunday, March-2013

Total Marks: 100

Q.1 Fill in the blank space with the appropriate word from the parenthesis [10]

Part - A

1. Ramayan 2. Junagadh 3. Saryudas 4. Jetalpur 5. 1858

Part - B

6. light 7. Gunatitanand 8. Study 9. Pure 10. nij mandir

Q.2 In the following sentences place a (✓) next to those which are correct and a (X) next to those which are incorrect. [20]

1. ✓ 2. ✓ 3. X 4. X 5. ✓ 6. ✓ 7. X 8. ✓ 9. ✓ 10. ✓
11. X 12. ✓ 13. X 14. ✓ 15. X 16. ✓ 17. ✓ 18. ✓ 19. ✓ 20. X

Q.3 Write the letter of the correct answer in the appropriate box. [40]

1. A 2. A 3. C 4. C 5. A 6. C 7. A 8. B 9. B 10. A
11. B 12. B 13. B 14. A 15. A 16. A 17. A 18. C 19. A 20. A
21. B 22. A 23. B 24. A 25. A 26. C 27. A 28. A 29. B 30. A
31. A 32. C 33. A 34. A 35. A 36. C 37. B 38. C 39. C 40. A

Q.4 Complete the following Swamini Vatos. [10]

- Karod kām bagāḍine pan ek moksha sudhārvo ne kadāpi karod kām sudharyā ne ek moksha bagāḍyo to temā shu karyu?
- Nirantar sarva kriyāmā pāchu valine jovu je, mare Bhagwān bhajvā chhe ne hu shu karu chhu, em joyā karvu.
- Gāfalāi tālvānu kāran e chhe je khatko rākhe to tale ne bijo upāy to koik shikshā kare tyāre tale.
- Āvā Sādhune manmā sambhārie to mannā pāp bali jāy ne vāto sām̐bhalie to kannā pāp bali jāy ne darshan karie to ānkhna pāp bali jāy em mahimā jānvo.
- Āpne to Akshardhāmmā jāvu chhe evo ek sankalp rākhvo.

Q.5 Complete the unfinished kirtan / shloka / ashtaka. [10]

- Māt pitāne pāye padshu, santjanone charane namshu;
Devmandire darshan karshu, dandvat karshu Kirtan karshu...
Aksharne man bhāvyā ame, Purushottamne jānyā ame;
Vandan karie guruji tamne, sadāy rākho charane amne...

2. Om saha nāvavtu,
sahanau bhunaktu,
saha viryam karvāvahai
tejasvinā vadhitamastu,
mā vidvishāvahai
Om Shanti(hi)..Shanti (hi)...Shanti (hi)
3. Āthde āth, muki de jagno thāth...Mārā bandhu
Navde nav, tari jā tu ā bhav...Mārā bandhu
Ekde minde dash, adharma māthi khas...Mārā bandhu
Evi rite bhajāy, to Akshardhāmmā javāy...Mārā bandhu
4. Purushottam pragatnu, je darshan karshe, (2)
Kāl karmathi chhuti, kutumb sahit tarshe...jay
Ā avasar karunānidhi, karunā bahu kidhi, (2)
Muktānand kahe mukti, sugam kari sidhi...jay
5. Gunātito-ksharam Brahma Bhagawān Purushottam(ha)
Jano jānannidam satyam muchyate bhavabandhanāt

Q.6 Write short notes on any ONE of the following. (In 10 lines.)

[10]

1. Curses his own words

There was village called Bansi on the bank of river. Near the Village Nilkanth was Seated in deep meditation. Beautiful birds were singing sweet songs in early morning. One day he was preparing to sit in meditating, there was a sudden loud bang from a gun. Nilkanth heard a piercing scream and then two beautiful birds fell into his lap. Nilkanth gently stroked the birds, sprinkled some water on them. but after fluttering a little they both died.

Then two hunters came to Nilkanth and quickly picked birds up and put them into bag. Nilkanth felt sad and unhappy, he didn't eat anything that day. In the middle of the night suddenly he uttered and told "let this village burn ! I don't want to stay here any more."

As soon as Nilkanth said, the village began to burn. Flames Leapt high in the sky. On realizing what had happened, he at once felt extremely sorry and thought what have I done ?

I am a sadhu My words have sparked off destruction. Nilkanth quickly ran in the river and jumped in. He prayed, "May this fire being extinguished," The fire died down immediately. Then he cupped his hands and took up water in them and cursed his own words. He said, "If ever again I say such a thing then O speech, may you not become true." Such was the compassion and power of Nilkanth.

2. What do the Vedas teach us ?

Vedas teaches us serve your mother, father, guru and guest as god and also obey them.

Vedas also teaches to speak truth, always stay with in dharma. It teaches never be lazy in studies. Vedas says-Victory to righteousness, death to unrighteousness. And lastly teaches let all creatures love one another and let the whole world be salvated.

3. Shikshapatri is Mirror

Shriji Maharaj wrote Shikshapatri for his devotees in Vartal. Shikshapatri is a mirror. A Person who reads this scripture will see what he is like. He will learn how to behave and live a pure life. It includes do's and don't for all types of people like householders, brahmacharis, acharyas, sadhus and for ordinary men and women.

- Never kill anybody even an insect.
- Do not drink alcohol.
- Never take even flowers, ect, from a garden without permission.
- Do not speak spitefully or listen to such a talks.
- Never smoke or take drugs.
- Do not spit in public places.
- Never praises your self.
- Do not insult anyone.
- Never wear clothes that expose your body.
- Always wake up early, take a bath and do puja.
- Always serve your mother, father, guru and those who are ill.
- Spend according to your income.
- Never enter into financial dealings without signing documents.

Maharaj has promised that whoever obeys the Shikshapatri will become happy on earth and attain Akshardham.