



BAPS SWAMINARAYAN SANSTHA
BAL SATSANG EXAMINATIONS



BAL - 1 : PRACTICE PAPER - 5

ANSWER PAPER - 5

Time: 2 hrs.
Total Marks : 100

Q.1 Fill in the blank space with the appropriate word from the parenthesis. [10]

PART - A

(Chhapaiya, fearlessly, 1857, Seven, Advaitanand, Adbhutanand)

1. In the V.S. 1857 Kartik sud Ekadashi Ramanand Swami was initiated Nilkanthvarni.
2. Ghanshyam was born in Chhapaiya village.
3. Nilkanth Varni travelled for Seven years.
4. Nilkanth was fearlessly wandering in the jungle.
5. Maharaj gave Magniram diksha and named him Advaitanand Swami.

PART - B

(Parabrahma, Pure, Yogiji, nijmandir, study, Pramukh Swami Maharaj)

6. The murtis which are installed under the shikhar where the inner sanctum is called nijmandir .
7. Yogiji Maharaj is the guru of Pramukh Swami Maharaj.
8. The guru is Parabrahma himself.
9. One can become Pure through good deeds.
10. Swamiji and Shreeji Maharaj love those who study hard.

Q.2 In the following sentences place a (✓) next to those which are correct and a (X) next to those which are incorrect. [10]

1. Ramanad Swami entrusted his throne to Muktanand Swami. 1. X
2. Ghanshyam was 11 years old when he left home. 2.
3. Maharaj told his Sadhus to stay only at those places where there are comforts. 3. X
4. Rampratapbhai was prepared to go to kashi with Dharmdev. 4. X
5. Jairamdas became a sadhu & stayed with Shriji Maharaj. 5.
6. While doing the chanting of swaminarayan mantra, Muktanand swami went into samadhi. 6. X
7. Maharaj called Gunatitanand Swami from Vartal at the time of going to His abode Akshardham. 7. X
8. God's special house is called mandir. 8.
9. Maharaj's sadhus felt pity for their enemies. 9.
10. If one eats in hotels one can have good thoughts. 10. X

Q.3 Write the number of the correct answer in the appropriate box. [40]

1. Which path was the best path according to Ghanshyam ?
(1) Bhakti (2) gnan (3) both 1.
2. Who felt Nilkanth was a great yogi ?
(1) Ramanand Swami (2) Brahmanand Swami
(3) Muktanand Swami 2.
3. In which village did Maharaj bless boys with the experience of samadhi?
(1) Gadhada (2) Vartal (3) Gondal 3.
4. What is the sign of a scholar?
(1) gold coin (2) knife (3) scripture 4.
5. When did Ramanand Swami give his throne to Sahajanand Swami?
(1) V.S. 1857 (2) V.S. 1858 (3) V.S. 1837 5.
6. What did the bawas call Ghanshayam?
(1) Ghanshyam Varni (2) Nilkanth Varni (3) Sarjudas 6.
7. In which town Maharaj perfomed non violent yagna?
(1) Vartal (2) Anand (3) Jetalpur 7.

8. Which was Tejabhai Vankar's village?
 (1) Ahmedabad (2) Chhani (3) Gadhada 8. **2**
9. In the Shikshapatri, Maharaj says always serve mother, father, guru and Whom?
 (1) Brother (2) ill people (3) relatives 9. **2**
10. When did Ghanshyam leave his home?
 (1) Ashadh sud 10 (2) Jeth sud 10 (3) Kartik vad 10 10. **1**
11. Who died against the trunk of the mango tree?
 (1) Pibek (2) Kalidatt (3) Magniram 11. **2**
12. Whose birth makes Chhapaiya a great pilgrimage place ?
 (1) Rampratapbhai (2) kalidatt (3) Ghanshyam 12. **3**
13. Where did Jairamdas find Nilkanth Varni as Sahajanand Swami?
 (1) Jagannathpuri (2) Ayodhya (3) Loj 13. **3**
14. Who was the guru of Shastriji Maharaj ?
 (1) Bhagatji Maharaj (2) Shriji Maharaj (3) Yogiji Maharaj 14. **1**
15. Where did Maharaj write the Shikshapatri?
 (1) Panchala (2) Vartal (3) Vadodara 15. **2**
16. Which evil man went to Dabhan to steal Maharaj's Manki?
 (1) Takho Pagi (2) Rukhad Pagi (3) Joban Pagi 16. **3**
17. We should become which type of child of Pramukh Swami?
 (1) Wise (2) True (3) clever 17. **2**
18. Wherever there is superstition, you will never find what?
 (1) Faith (2) Unfaith (3) God 18. **3**
19. 'Swamini vato' means whose sermons of greatness?
 (1) Shriji Maharaj's (2) Nityanand Swami's
 (3) Pramukh Swami Maharaj 19. **1**
20. Who teaches us 'Matru devo bhava'?
 (1) Vedas (2) chants (3) saints 20. **1**
21. Where did Maharaj go to Akshardham?
 (1) In Junagadh (2) In Gadhada (3) In Gondal 21. **2**
22. In Junagadh procession, what did a boy give to Maharaj?
 (1) Mogri (2) lotus fruit (3) cucumber 22. **3**
23. Who is small in age but great in virtues?
 (1) Ghanshyam (2) Rampratap bhai (3) Shankracharya 23. **1**

24. In how many days Jairamdas find Nilkanth Varni?
 (1) Ten (2) Thirty (3) twenty 24. **3**
25. Whose kingdom was in Ahmedabad ?
 (1) Mughal (2) Peshwa (3) British 25. **2**
26. What was the name of Ghanshyam's father?
 (1) Ayodhyaprasad (2) Ichchharam (3) Dharmadev 26. **3**
27. What was Ghanshyam listening in the Radha Krishna's mandir?
 (1) Shivpuran (2) Bhagvat (3) Ramayan 27. **2**
28. Maharaj spreads the light for all like what ?
 (1) Sun (2) Candle (3) lightning 28. **1**
29. Which Swami asked the bawa to bringback the sword?
 (1) Muktanand (2) Brahmanand (3) Nityanand 29. **2**
30. Sahjanand Swami asked for how many boons from Ramanand Swami?
 (1) One (2) three (3) two 30. **3**
31. In which village was Ramanand Swami's Ashram?
 (1) Loj (2) Mangarol (3) Panchala 31. **1**
32. Which is the dham of Maharaj?
 (1) Akshardham (2) Vaikunthdham (3) Golok 32. **1**
33. Where did Magniram meet Maharaj?
 (1) In Karyani (2) In Mangrol (3) In Ahmedabad 33. **2**
34. 'Jay sadguru' arti was written by which Swami?
 (1) Muktanand Swami (2) Bhumanand Swami (3) Sukmuni Swami 34. **1**
35. What is spoilt by eating meat and eggs ?
 (1) health (2) mind (3) Both 35. **3**
36. In which village Maharaj's sadhus ate the moss growing on the sides of the lake ?
 (1) Gadhada (2) Jamnagar (3) Vadodara 36. **2**
37. Who met Nilkanth in village of Assam ?
 (1) Pibek (2) Magniram (3) Sevakram 37. **1**
38. Which mantra did Sahajanand Swami give to Shitaldas?
 (1) Shree Krishana (2) Swaminarayan (3) Nar narayan 38. **2**
39. Where was Maharaj cremated?
 (1) In Laxmivadi (2) In Gynabag (3) In Aksharvadi 39. **1**

40. How many names were given to Nilkanth by Ramanand Swami after initiation?

(1) three

(2) one

(3) two

40.

3

Q.4 Answer the following questions in 1-2 sentences only.

[10]

1. Why did the lion decide to help the goat?

Ans. The goat had taken the refuge of his pawprint.

2. Who promised to pay Joban a fixed pension?

Ans. The King of Vadodara promised to pay Joban a fixed pension every year.

3. What was Pranvallabh's last wish?

Ans. Pranvallabh's last wish was to tell everyone that Shriji Maharaj came to take him to Akshardham.

4. What did Maharaj explain to the Kathi Darbars when they were all insulted in Anand?

Ans. Maharaj explained that if they had fought back, there would have been no end to the fighting.

5. What new names did Ramanand Swami give to Nilkanth after initiation?

Ans. He gave him the names 'Sahajanand Swami' and 'Narayan Muni'.

6. What did Pibek see Nilkanth Varni do that made him bow down to his feet?

Ans. The dried stump flowered into a beautiful tree with green leaves, flowers and juicy fruits as soon as Nilkanth Varni prayed. On seeing this pibek fell at Nilkanth Varni's feet.

7. Why did the bawas call Ghanshyam 'Nilkanth Varni'?

Ans. As Lord Shiv drank poison & was called Nilkanth similarly Nilkanth destroyed the fear (drank) of sadhus & so the sadhus called Him Nilkanth Varni.

8. Which three types of people become famous in the world?

Ans. Three types of people become famous : a king, a rich man and a sadhu with great knowledge.

9. What judgement did Ghanshyam give in the debate in Kashi?

Ans. Ghanshyam proved and convinced all of the scholars that the path of Bhakti (Bhakti marg) is the best.

10. When did Ramanand Swami give Nilkanth Varni diksha?

Ans. Ramanand Swami initiated Nilkanth Varni on kartik sud Ekadashi A.S. 1857. (28 October, 1800 CE)

Q: 5 Complete the following Swamini Vatos.

[10]

1. Āpne Bhagwānnā

Ans. Āpne Bhagwānnā chhie pan māyānā nathi em mānvu.

2. Nirantar sarva kriyāmā

Ans. Nirantar sarva kriyāmā pāchu valine jovu je, māre Bhagwān bhajvā chhe ne hu shu karu chhu, em joyā karvu.

3. Āpne to Akshardhāmmā

Ans. Āpne to Akshardhāmmā jāvu chhe evo ek sankalp rākhvo.

4. Karod kām bagādine

Ans. Karod kām bagādine pan ek moksha sudhārvo ne kadāpi karod kām sudharyā ne ek moksha bagādyo to temā shu karyu?

5. Ketlek rupiye ānkh,

Ans. Ketlek rupiye ānkh, kān, ādik indriyu male nahi te Bhagwāne āpyā chhe, pan jiva keval krutaghi chhe.

Q: 6 Complete the unfinished kirtan / shloka / ashtaka.

[10]

1. Gururbrahmā gurur Vishnu tasmai shri gurave namaha.

**Ans. Gururbrahmā gurur Vishnu gururdevo Maheshvaraha,
Guru sākshāt Param Brahma tasmai shri gurave namaha.**

2. Nānā nānā bāl Prabhune pranām karshu

**Ans. Nānā nānā bāl ame, Swāmine vahālā bāl ame;
Shrijine vahālā bāl ame, santone vahālā bāl ame... 1
Vahelā uthi dhyān dharshu, nāhi dhoine pujā karshu;
Swāminārāyan mantrā bhanshu, pragat Prabhune pranām karshu... 2**

3. Nitya nitya nautam kutumb sahit tarshe.

**Ans. Nitya nitya nautam lilā, kartā Avināshi,
Adsath tirath charane, koti Gayā Kāshi...jay 4
Purushottam pragatnu, je darshan karshe,
Kāl karmathi chhuti, kutumb sahit tarshe...jay 5**

4. Tvameva mātā mam deva deva.

**Ans. Tvameva mātā cha pitā tvameva,
Tvameva bandhushcha sakhā tvameva,
Tvameva vidyā dravinam tvameva,
Tvameva sarvam mam deva deva.**

5. Ekde ek, Shrijine namaskār.

Ans. Ekde ek, Shrijini rākho tek mārā bandhu,

Kalyān levu sahel chhe...

Bagde bey, Shrijinu nām ley... Mārā bandhu~1

Trāgde tran, Shrijinu le sharan... Mārā bandhu~2

Chogde chār, Shrijine namaskār... Mārā bandhu~3

Q.7 Write short notes on any ONE of the following. (In 10 - 12 lines.)

[10]

(1) Leaving home **(12)**

(2) Insulted in Anand **(53)**

(3) Mandir **(84)**