



Inspirer: Pramukh Swami Maharaj

BAPS Satsang Shikshan Pariksha Dept

BAL SATSANG – PART 2

Question Sheet



Date: Sunday 9th September 2007

Time Allowed: 2 hours

Section	Description	Marks
A	True or False	50
B	Topic related statements	05
C	Who is speaking to whom?	10
D	Missing words	10
E	Pairs	25
Total		100

Instructions

- Use blue or black ink or ball-point pen.
- Answer **all** questions in **all** sections.
- Do not guess.
- **Only** write **answers** on the answer sheets in the appropriate section.
- Write as **neatly** as possible. Answers with cancellation will not be marked.

Information

- The maximum marks for this paper are **100**.
- Every question is worth one mark.



Section A

True or False

- If the statement is **TRUE**, then enter ✓ on the **ANSWER Sheet** only
- If the statement is **FALSE**, then enter ✗ on the **ANSWER Sheet** only

Statements

1. Gnanjivan Swami's father was Dhoribhai.
2. Dungar's mother was Hetalba.
3. Karamshibhai Vanja was the ill devotee that Jinabhai took to his house in Panchala.
4. Maharaj wrote the second letter to Ramdas Swami.
5. Shanti Bhagat was given the bhagwati diksha, initiated into the saffron order in Amdavad.
6. On receiving Maharaj's letter, eighteen devotees went to Jetpur.
7. Gnanjivan Swami was born on SY 1948 Vaishakh sud 12.
8. Shantilal was born on SY 1978 Magshar vad 8.
9. Maharaj told Sakarba that, He and Mulji had known each other since previous birth.
10. Maharaj celebrated Diwali in Bhadra as He happened to be there at that time.
11. Sunderji Suthar boasted about his high position in the Province.
12. Maharaj strengthened the lives of His devotees by financially assisting them.
13. We can make our home pure and divine by worshipping God.
14. The family members should perform the arti every evening.
15. By regularly worshipping God thru arti and thal, we personally benefit by being able to stay in touch with God.
16. Due to his devotion for God, Pragji was called Bhagatji Maharaj.
17. Pragji Bhakta was beaten and poisoned as he was meek by nature.
18. Due to his sharp intellect and his degree in Sanskrit, Yagnapurushdasji was called a Shastri.
19. 'Dungar' means a mountain.
20. Dungar refers to Yagnapurushdasji – A man with the will and strength like a mountain.
21. Dungar did not eat at the wedding as it was an ekadashi fast on that day.
22. Ekadashi fast is good for health because by fasting we become slim.
23. In Bhavnagar, Gnanjivan Swami offered ten ladoos, rice, soup, vegetables etc. in the thal.
24. A sadhu is one who worships God in the mandir.
25. A sadhu does not intentionally look at women.
26. A sadhu eats in a wooden bowl.
27. Religion is good behaviour.
28. With respect, love and reverence, we should bow to the sadhus at their feet.
29. We should bow down to the sadhus as a sign of respect.
30. When Shantilal's father brought Shantilal with him for darshan, Yagnapurushdasji told him to ensure that he studies well.
31. Shantilal was an average student in his studies.
32. On initiating Shantilal as a parshad, Yagnapurushdasji blessed him to spread the Swaminarayan Faith abroad.



33. The first thing Narayanswarupdasji did after acquiring the status of President was to wash the dishes.
34. Vijay and Devesh regularly came for Narayanswarupdasji's darshan in Durban.
35. On his way from Surat to Bharuch, on seeing a handicapped boy, Narayanswarupdasji arranged for a wheel chair for him.
36. Tilak-chandlo is a holy symbol.
37. In the 'Vachanamrut', Maharaj has instructed us to do tilak-chandlo.
38. The benefits gained by doing a tilak-chandlo are that we would keep away from doing bad work and Maharaj would always be there to protect us from evil.
39. The sinners hate God.
40. Nrusinghji killed Hiranyakashipu with his nails.
41. Nrusinghji incarnated on the earth to save a child devotee.
42. The teacher told young Panini to study hard.
43. Panini went to an Astrologer to find out about his future.
44. On hearing the Astrologer, Panini made a long line on the palm of his right hand with a knife.
45. Along with his studies, Panini also learnt classical music.
46. Panini accomplished the great task of translating the scriptures.
47. Although he was a dunce, Panini became a great scholar as he persisted with his studies.
48. Shravan's parents were rich.
49. Shravan took his parents on a pilgrimage by making two baskets for each of them and carrying them on his shoulders.
50. Shravan died by drowning in the river.

Section B

Topic related statements

- In the statements given below, select only **FIVE** correct statements which are related to the topic and write only numbers in the box provided on the **ANSWER Sheet** only

Q.1 Serving the sick Sadhus

1. Maharaj is Harikrishna Maharaj and so the festival of Ramnavami is also called 'Harijayanti'.
2. On Harijayanti, in the devotees and the sadhus sparks a fever of great devotion. Such a festival is also called an 'utsav'.
3. Once, there was a Harijayanti samaiyo in Vadtal. Suddenly, eighteen sadhus all fell ill at the same time.
4. Maharaj asked, 'Who will stay behind and serve them?'
5. As they all wanted to attend the samaiyo, nobody was prepared to stay behind except Gunatitanand Swami who agreed to stay and serve them.
6. Maharaj being pleased with Gunatitanand Swami blessed him by putting both His hands on his head and said, 'Congratulations Swami, you did not let My words fall empty!'
7. Gunatitanand Swami served the sadhus, when they were better; without their permission he went to Vadtal for the samaiyo and participated in it.
8. Maharaj was overjoyed to see Gunatitanand Swami and embraced him nineteen times.



Section C

Who is speaking to whom?

- Write **ONE** of either **A** or **B** or **C** in the box on the **ANSWER Sheet** only

1	You have really devoted your life in the service of God.	A The Gondal's Diwan to Gunatitanand Swami B Gopalanand Swami to Pragji Bhakta C Maharaj to Uka Khachar
2	Pray, so that this sadhu acquires saintly qualities like yours.	A Bholanath to Ramanand Swami B Dhirubhai to Gunatitanand Swami C Yagnapurushdasji to Gnanjivan Swami
3	You rob the innocent, you rob the public through taxes and you don't pay us our wages.	A The Arab Officer to the Subo B The Arab Officer to himself C Ramo Hati to the Gondal's Diwan
4	Give dry grass to a cow and yet, she gives us fresh milk.	A Prahlad to Hiranyakshipu B Gunatitanand Swami to Ramo Hati C Pragji Bhakta to his childhood friends
5	Whoever has not seen the monkey, please stand up.	A Muktanand Swami to the sadhus B Gunatitanand Swami to the devotees C Pragji Bhakta to the onlookers
6	Only a sadhu or a rich man has the fortune to see these places.	A Shravan to his parents B The Mahant to the boys C Kalyanbhai to his uncle
7	I would like to be a 'daas' to them.	A Sundarji Suthar to Maharaj B Sundarji to Mulji C Prahlad to Nrusinhji
8	He is a great Yogi! He must be a realised soul!	A The Arab Officer to himself B The Junagadh's Nawab to his Officer C The people of Khambhat amongst themselves
9	Keep me in the company of your sadhus and good friends.	A Prahlad to Hiranyakashypu B Shravan to God C A child to Narayanswarupdasji
10	I have to accompany you to Bhuj.	A Ramdas Swami to the nineteen devotees B Sunderji Suthar to the wedding guests C The sangh members to the Prince



Section D

Missing Words

- Write **ONE** of either **A** or **B** or **C** in the box on the **ANSWER Sheet** only
- The answer is the one which would complete the sentence if placed in the blank area

1accepted the hard task of liquefying the lime in Junagadh.	A Gunatitanand Swami B Jaga Swami C Pragji Bhakta
2	Maharaj had eaten the thaal offered by Gnanjivan Swami in.....	A Bhadra B Bhavnagar C Gondal
3	Hiranyakashipu ordered his guards to throw Prahlad.....	A in the fire B before the elephants C from the mountain
4	India is made up ofStates.	A 26 B 23 C 25
5	Maharaj gave..... kg. of wheat per house to grind.	A 10 B 30 C 20
6	Gunatitanand Swami daily walkedmiles to reach Gadhada.	A 90 B 70 C 80
7	Muktanand Swami went to Surat withsadhus.	A 200 B 60 C 100
8	When Maharaj came to Bhadra for the second time, Mulji was.....	A at school B in his sugar-cane field C at his in-laws
9	Even one paise offered to Maharaj with love and devotion is worth rupees.	A one thousand B ten million C one hundred thousand
10	Mulabha was a.....	A Kathi Darbar B Vaghri C Brahmin



Section E

Pairs

- Match the choices from **List B** with the statement in **List A** and write **ONE** of either **A** or **B** or **C** or **D** or **E** in the box on the **ANSWER Sheet** only
- In each question, each letter should only be used **once**
- The answer is the one which would match the number correctly

LIST A

Q.1	Statements
1	Bhagwan ne Bhagwanna bhakta
2	Aa to Bhagwan jeva Sadhu chhe
3	Dahyo hoy tene vadhe tyare raji thay
4	Satya, heet ne priya avu vachan bolvu
5	A lokma dahyo to koi Prabhu bhajto nathi

LIST B

	Choices
A	Bawa ke vairagi nathi
B	Ne murakh hoy tene vakhane tyare raji thay
C	Ne upeksha rahit bolvu pan agrahthi vachan kahevu nahi
D	Je gando thay te bhaje chhe
E	Aa beni sevamaj mal chhe

Q.2	Statements
1	Mulji left for Gadhada
2	Maharaj left His mortal body
3	Gunatitanand Swami left for Akshardham
4	Pragji Bhakta's birth date
5	Gunatitanand Swami's birth date

	Choices
A	Aso sud 13
B	Falgun sud 15
C	Kartik sud 15
D	Aso sud 15
E	Jeth sud 10

Q.3	Statements
1	Removes dog's excretion
2	Guaranteed Gunatitanand Swami's daily meal
3	Chants 'Gunanand' on the mala beads
4	Maharaj ate prasad standing in his house
5	Chanted 'Swaminarayan' at midnight

	Choices
A	Munjo Suru
B	Sagram
C	Dungar Bhakta
D	Uka Khachar
E	Bhagubhai

Q.4	Statements
1	Jinabhai
2	Kamalshibhai
3	Sagram
4	Ardeshar Kotwal
5	Jagjivan

	Choices
A	Parsi
B	Brahmin
C	Thakor
D	Weaver
E	Vaghri



LIST A

Q.5	Statements
1	Mangrol
2	Kutch
3	Gadhada
4	Jetalpur
5	Surat

LIST B

	Choices
A	Ardeshar Kotwal
B	Kamalshibhai Vanja
C	Jagjivan
D	Uka Khachar
E	Downfallen woman